Security Research Group plc

Annual Report and Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2017

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Strategic report

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Strategy and business model

The Group had two divisions in the year under review, a Property Information Services division and a Packaging Solutions division, having sold its Specialist Electronics division last year.

The Property Information Services division is one of the top three providers of property information searches. The division runs a national franchising network together with its own large franchise and also has an energy reports business and a regulated business, sourcing financial products.

The clients are conveyancing solicitors, who undertake the legal side of a property transaction.

The Packaging Solutions division provides flexible packaging solutions to a variety of industry sectors, including the food and pharmaceutical markets.

Business review

The Group's profit before taxation for the year was £574,697 compared with a loss of £57,356 in the previous year whilst revenue decreased from £6,843,422 to £6,793,483.

In the Property Information Services division the operating profit was £1,010,880 compared with £1,022,090 in the previous year whilst revenue increased from £5,059,585 to £5,160,417.

During the year the division continued to enhance its cutting edge technology platform and began to see financial benefits from these enhancements.

In the Packaging Solutions division the operating profit was £266,813 compared with £160,188 in the previous year whilst revenue increased from £1,469,037 to £1,633,066.

This division continues to perform profitably in its niche marketplace.

Discontinued operations

Since the year end the Property Information Services division has been sold to a third party and it is now the intention to liquidate the Parent Company. Therefore all of the results for the year have been accounted for as discontinued operations.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Packaging Solutions business depends on small orders and could be affected by any change in the economic environment.

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The board monitors progress on the overall Group strategy and the individual strategic elements by reference to KPIs, specifically revenue growth, gross margin, administrative expenses, profit before taxation and working capital levels.

As noted in the business review above, the Group's profit before taxation for the year was £574,697 compared with a loss of £57,356 in the previous year, whilst revenue decreased from £6,843,422 to £6,793,483.

The average number of employees in the year reduced from 71 to 56, with employment costs reducing from £2,283,391 to £1,889,388.

The number of housing transactions decreased in the year.

Cash and cash equivalents in the Group increased from £5,698,652 at 1 April 2016 to £7,330,585 at 31 March 2017 equivalent to 37.01p (2016 - 28.77p) per share.

Strategic report

The environment

The Group regards compliance with relevant environmental laws and the adoption of responsible standards as integral to its business operation. It is also committed to introducing measures to limit any adverse effects its business may have on the environment and will promote continuous improvement in accordance with the best available techniques.

Disposal of the businesses

It was previously announced that following a review of the businesses that the board had determined that the best available route for shareholders was for the company to pursue a strategy of disposing of each of its businesses with the intention of returning surplus cash to shareholders within three years. The Specialist Electronic division was sold last year and since the year end the Property Information Services division has been sold. Liquidators have been instructed to commence the process of placing the Parent Company into members' voluntary liquidation and assuming approval by shareholders it is anticipated that shareholders will receive an initial distribution of around 60p per share together with a distribution in specie of shares in the Packaging Solutions division.

By order of the board

John Warwick

Director

26 June 2017

Directors' report

The directors present herewith their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

directors and their interests

The directors of the Company during the financial year were:

J P Mervis

B C Connor

J A Warwick

financial risk management

The principal financial risks to which the Group is exposed relate to liquidity and credit. The policies and strategies for managing these risks are summarised as follows:

(a) liquidity risk

The Group actively maintains sufficient funds for current operations.

(b) credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating financial risks from defaults.

The Group's principal financial assets are bank balances, cash and trade receivables. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a large number of customers. Credit risk is managed by monitoring the aggregate amount and duration of exposure to any one customer depending upon their credit rating. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful debts, estimated by the Group's management, based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The directors consider that the maximum exposure of the Group to credit risk to be the current assets of the Group excluding inventories.

directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The directors are required under company legislation to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the Group and Company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and the Group's profit or loss for that year. In preparing these financial statements, directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business. As explained in note 1 to the financial statements, the directors do not believe the going concern basis to be appropriate for accounting of Security Research Group plc (entity) and therefore the results of the entity have not been prepared on that basis.

Directors' report

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that:-

- So far as each director is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware;
 and
- The directors have taken all steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit
 information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information on the Group's website is the responsibility of the directors. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

A review of the Group's future developments is included in the Strategic Report.

By order of the board

John Warwick

Director

26 June 2017

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Security Research Group plc For the year ended 31 March 2017

We have audited the financial statements of Security Research Group plc for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Changes in Equity, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Financial Position, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Cash Flows, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and, as regards the Parent Company financial statements, as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. As described in note 1, the results of the Parent Company have been prepared on a break up basis.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on pages 4-5 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and Parent Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

opinion on financial statements

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Parent Company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union;
- the Parent Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following:

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have npt received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mr Nigel Fry (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Milsted Langdon LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Taunton
26 June 2017

		2017	2016
		Discontinued	Discontinued
		Operations	Operations
	Note	£	£
Revenue	2	6,793,483	6,843,422
Cost of sales		(3,421,502)	(3,473,362)
Gross profit	The second secon	3,371,981	3,370,060
Administrative expenses		(2,486,706)	(3,080,889)
Operating profit/(loss) before exceptional items		885,275	289,171
Exceptional administrative expenses	3	(337,500)	(373,892)
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	4	547,775	(84,721)
Finance income	8	26,922	27,365
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		574,697	(57,356)
Income tax expense	9	(137,935)	(98,830)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		436,762	(156,186)

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 March 2017

The profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation represents the Group's total comprehensive income for the year.

Group			Capital		
	Share	Share	redemption	Retained	Total
	capital	premium	reserve	earnings	equity
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2015	3,865,780	551,758	1,984,836	4,041,215	10,443,589
Issue of new ordinary shares on exercise of options	96,032	53,007	=	-	149,039
Share based payments	·	-	2	91,040	91,040
Total comprehensive income for the year	(#)		<u>=</u>	(156,186)	(156,186)
At 31 March 2016	3,961,812	604,765	1,984,836	3,976,069	10,527,482
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	2	436,762	436,762
	entationals and to control of the	95.120 CARSON			40.004.044
At 31 March 2017	3,961,812	604,765	1,984,836	4,412,831	10,964,244
At 31 March 2017 Company	3,961,812	604,765	1,984,836 Capital	4,412,831	10,964,244
	3,961,812 Share	604,765 Share		Retained	
			Capital		Total equity
	Share	Share	Capital redemption	Retained	Total
Company	Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity £
	Share capital £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings £	Total equity £ 9,490,341
Company At 1 April 2015	Share capital £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings £	Total equity £ 9,490,341 149,039
Company At 1 April 2015 Issue of new ordinary shares on exercise of options	Share capital £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings £	Total equity
Company At 1 April 2015 Issue of new ordinary shares on exercise of options Share based payments	Share capital £	Share premium £	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings £ 3,087,967 - 91,040	Total equity £ 9,490,341 149,039 91,040 (231,580)
Company At 1 April 2015 Issue of new ordinary shares on exercise of options Share based payments Total comprehensive income for the year	Share capital £ 3,865,780 96,032	Share premium £ 551,758 53,007	Capital redemption reserve £	Retained earnings £ 3,087,967 - 91,040 (231,580)	Total equity £ 9,490,341 149,039 91,040

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2017

Registered No - 03170812

		20:	2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	f	
Non-current assets	2013-13-1-1-1-1-1-1					
Goodwill	13		-		3,200,000	
Other intangible assets	14		-		95,958	
Property, plant and equipment	15		3,256		167,970	
			3,256		3,463,92	
Current assets						
Inventories	18	•		577,446		
Trade and other receivables	19	11,963		2,333,975		
Current tax receivable		-		74,075		
Cash and cash equivalents		5,072,306		5,698,652		
Assets classified as held for sale	12	7,630,905				
		12,715,174		8,684,148		
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	21	(63,922)		(1,513,457)		
Current tax payable		(42,264)		(107,137)		
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	12	(1,648,000)		-		
		(1,754,186)		(1,620,594)		
Net current assets	Marian 2022 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3		10,960,988		7,063,55	
Net assets			10,964,244		10,527,48	
Represented by:						
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders						
Called up share capital	22		3,961,812		3,961,81	
Share premium account	22		604,765		604,76	
Capital redemption reserve	22		1,984,836		1,984,83	
Retained earnings			4,412,831		3,976,06	
Total equity			10,964,244		10,527,48	

Approved and authorised for issue by the board on 261 une...... 2017 and signed on its behalf by:-

Jonathan Mervis

Director

Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2017

Registered No - 03170812

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	15		3,256		22,293
Investments in subsidiaries	16		•		5,216,910
			3,256		5,239,203
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	19	11,963		514,523	
Cash and cash equivalents		5,072,306		4,179,779	
Assets classified as held for sale	16	5,216,910		-	
		10,301,179		4,694,302	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	21	(449,422)		(412,583)	
Current tax payable		(42,264)		(22,082)	
		(491,686)		(434,665)	
Net current assets			9,809,493		4,259,637
Net assets			9,812,749		9,498,840
Represented by:					
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders					
Called up share capital	22		3,961,812		3,961,812
Share premium account	22	604,765			604,765
Capital redemption reserve	22	1,984,836			1,984,836
Retained earnings			3,261,336		2,947,427
Total equity			9,812,749		9,498,840

Approved and authorised for issue by the board on 6. June...... 2017 and signed on its behalf by:-

Jonathan Mervis Director

Statements of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 March 2017

	Group		Company	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from discontinued operating activities	100			
Profit /(loss) before taxation	574,697	(57,356)	356,173	(209,716)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	66,980	92,283	2,868	5,105
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	-	373,892	-	452,412
Impairment of goodwill	337,500	22	=	
Amortisation of other intangible assets	78,656	193,504	5	,
Profit on disposal of tangible assets	(24,860)	(8,986)	(25,531)	(8,032)
Interest receivable	(26,922)	(27,365)	(22,590)	(18,669)
Dividends receivable	-	<u>=</u>	(150,000)	(147,000)
Share based payments	:=:	91,040		91,040
Changes in working capital:				
Decrease /(increase) in inventories	128,424	(9,251)	2	
Decrease in receivables	442,716	109,677	502,560	24,115
Increase/(decrease) in payables	127,253	(314,823)	36,839	(2,915)
Cash generated from operations	1,704,444	442,615	700,319	186,340
Income tax paid	(57,521)	(37,478)	(22,082)	(4,345)
Net cash generated from discontinued operating activities	1,646,923	405,137	678,237	181,995
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(11,422)	(60,198)	(1,707)	(18,427)
Expenditure on other intangible assets	(85,897)	(177,051)	-	
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment	55,407	33,281	43,407	23,032
Net proceeds on disposal of subsidiary	-	480,000	-	480,000
Dividends received	-	-	150,000	1,047,000
Interest received	26,922	27,365	22,590	18,669
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(14,990)	303,397	214,290	1,550,274
Cash flows from financing activities				
Issue of share capital	-	149,039	=	149,039
Net cash generated from financing activities	•	149,039	Ŧ	149,039
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,631,933	857,573	892,527	1,881,308
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,698,652	4,841,079	4,179,779	2,298,471
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	7,330,585	5,698,652	5,072,306	4,179,779

Note to the Statements of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 March 2017

analysis of net funds

analysis of net funds			
	At		A
	1 April	Cash	31 March
	2016	flow	2017
Group	£	£	f
Cash and cash equivalents	5,698,652	1,631,933	7,330,585
	5,698,652	1,631,933	7,330,585
	At		A
	1 April	Cash	31 March
	2016	flow	2017
Company	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	4 470 770	802 527	
cash and cash equivalents	4,179,779	892,527	5,072,306

1. accounting policies

Security Research Group plc, company number 03170812, is domiciled and incorporated in England under the Companies Act 1985. The company's registered office is Vicarage House, 58-60 Kensington Church Street, London, W8 4DB.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (IAS) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations adopted for use by the European Union (EU) and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRSs. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the Parent Company which has been prepared under the break up basis.

There were no new standards or interpretations that have been adopted by the Group in the current period.

There are no interpretations and amendments to existing standards that have been issued but are not yet effective that will have a material impact on the financial statements and have not been early adopted by the Group.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The directors have used significant judgements relating to assumptions concerning goodwill, recognition of development and web design costs, and whether amounts included within accruals and deferred income will be payable.

The Group is required to test, at least annually, whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount is determined based on value in use calculations for cash generating units that are not held for sale. The use of this method required the estimation of future cash flows and the choice of a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of these cash flows. For goodwill in relation to cash generating units held for sale the recoverable amount is determined based on the fair value less costs of disposal.

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Group's financial statements:

(a) going concern

Following the sale of the Property Information Services division in June 2017 and the board's decision post year end that it would instruct liquidators to commence the process to place the Parent Company into members' voluntary liquidation and to distribute in specie the shares in the Packaging Solutions division to the shareholders of the Parent Company, the Parent Company is not a going concern. Therefore the results of the entity within these financial statements have not been accounted for on a going concern basis. The impact on the financial statements is to value all of the holdings company's assets and liabilities on a break up basis.

(b) consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include those of the Company and its subsidiaries from their date of acquisition. All acquisitions of subsidiaries have been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically the income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the company gains control; until the date when the company ceases to control the subsidiary.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

When the group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest.

Under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company is exempt from the requirement to present its own income statement.

1. accounting policies (continued)

(c) non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying value and fair value less costs to sell.

(d) revenue

Revenue represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and discount and intra-Group transactions.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group, it can be reliably measured and the following criteria are met:

(i) sale of goods

Sale of goods are recognised when risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the customer. Certain income is recognised on a milestone basis subject to meeting the criteria as stated within the relevant contract.

(ii) rendering of services

Rendering of services are recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction.

(e) property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment costs.

Depreciation is provided to write-off the cost less estimated residual value (based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition) in annual instalments over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. The depreciation rates used are as follows:

Leasehold property

Straight line over the life of the lease/life of contract

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

15% - 50% straight line/life of contract

Motor vehicles

25% - 40% straight line

(f) investments

Investments in subsidiary companies are valued at cost less provision for diminution in value.

(g) goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised and subjected to annual impairment reviews. Any excess of goodwill over the value in use of the underlying assets is written off to administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. The directors consider that the goodwill has an infinite life. On disposal of a relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

1. accounting policies (continued)

(h) foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, which is the functional and presentational currency.

The Group has foreign currency transactions arising from the sales and purchases by an operating subsidiary in a currency other than the subsidiary's functional currency. Under the Group's foreign exchange policy, such transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing at the transaction date.

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. All exchange differences are dealt with in the consolidated income statement.

(i) leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(j) deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable in the foreseeable future. Any changes in the deferred tax asset are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

(k) liquid resources

Liquid resources are defined as short term bank deposits and cash in hand.

(I) development expenditure and web design costs

Development expenditure and web design costs which meet the criteria for capitalisation, shown as other intangible assets, are written off over the period for which they are estimated to benefit future profitability of the Group but for no longer than 3 years, as the directors consider that the development expenditure and web design costs have a finite life.

(m) inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value using the First In First Out (FIFO) cost basis. Costs include all direct costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, including where appropriate, a proportion of manufacturing overheads.

(n) pensions

The pension costs charged represent the contribution payable by the Group in the year.

(o) share based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share based payments to certain employees and directors. Equity-settled share based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Fair value is measured by use of the relevant option pricing models. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

(p) financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractural arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. segmental analysis

Business analysis

		2017			2016	
		Internal			Internal	
		management	External		management	External
	Revenue	charges	sales	Revenue	charges	sales
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Specialist electronics	82	(#1)		314,800	(#I)	314,800
Property information services	5,160,417	•	5,160,417	5,059,585	-	5,059,585
Packaging solutions	1,633,066	-	1,633,066	1,469,037	-	1,469,037
Head office	600,000	(600,000)		600,000	(600,000)	(m.)
Total for discontinued operations	7,393,483	(600,000)	6,793,483	7,443,422	(600,000)	6,843,422

	20	2017		6
	Operating profit/(loss)	Net assets/ (liabilities)	M. 00 MOSTOL 10000	Net assets
	£	£	£	£
Specialist electronics		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(370,154)	
Property information services	1,010,880	2,254,788	1,022,090	2,417,373
Packaging solutions	266,813	1,469,838	160,188	1,963,802
Head office	(392,418)	(90,967)	(522,953)	447,655
	885,275	3,633,659	289,171	4,828,830
Exceptional items	(337,500)	5 (1	(373,892)	-
	547,775	3,633,659	(84,721)	4,828,830
Interest bearing assets	1.00	7,330,585	- 11/20/1	5,698,652
Net assets		10,964,244	-	10,527,482
			-	

Revenue of specialist electronics and packaging solutions is represented by the sale of goods and revenue of property information services is represented by services rendered.

The activities of the Group are the manufacture and sale of specialist electronic equipment, the operation of a property franchising network together with its own large franchise and the manufacture of flexible packaging products.

Net assets analysis

		2017			2016	
	Segmental assets	Segmental liabilities	Segmental net assets/ (liabilities) £	Segmental assets £	Segmental liabilities £	Segmental net assets £
		£ £				
Specialist electronics				(7 4)	(7)	:5
Property information services	3,688,113	(1,433,325)	2,254,788	3,762,079	(1,344,706)	2,417,373
Packaging solutions	1,684,513	(214,675)	1,469,838	2,150,529	(186,727)	1,963,802
Head office	15,219	(106,186)	(90,967)	536,816	(89,161)	447,655
	5,387,845	(1,754,186)	3,633,659	6,449,424	(1,620,594)	4,828,830

2. segmental analysis (continued)

Additions to non-current assets and non-cash payments

		2017		2016	
	Addition	s to	Depreciation	Additions to	Depreciation
	non-curr	ent	and	non-current	and
	ass	ets	amortisation	assets	amortisation
		£	£	£	£
Specialist electronics		*	(#)	135,600	(127,412)
Property information services	91,	316	(133,814)	98,222	(142,607)
Packaging solutions	4,:	296	(9,625)	<u> </u>	(10,663)
Head office	1,	707	22,663	3,427	(5,105)
	97,:	319	(120,776)	237,249	(285,787)

All assets are held in the UK.

Geographical information

The Group operates in four main geographical areas although they are managed on a worldwide basis. Revenue is split as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
United Kingdom	6,674,877	6,600,641
Asia and Middle East	48,303	130,400
Europe	26,305	102,773
Other	43,998	9,608
	6,793,483	6,843,422

3. exceptional administrative expenses

	2017 £	2017 2016 £ £
Loss on disposal of specialist electronics division	8 20	373,892
Impairment of goodwill (Note 13)	337,500	-
	337,500	373,892

The amount of £337,500 relates to the impairment of the goodwill of the Packaging Solutions division. Last year the amount of £373,892 is in respect of the loss on disposal of the specialist electronic division.

4. operating profit/(loss)	2017	2016
	£	£
Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Auditors' remuneration:		
– audit	51,000	51,380
– tax services	2,600	2,520
Depreciation	66,980	92,283
Amortisation of other intangible assets	78,656	193,504
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(24,860)	(8,986)
Loss on exchange differences	431	-
Operating lease rentals:		
– plant and machinery	7,010	5,168
– other assets	184,610	194,670
Exceptional expenses - note 3	337,500	373,892
Research and development		197,000

Remuneration for audit services payable to Milsted Langdon LLP amounted to £19,000 (2016: £19,500) and tax compliance services fees amounted to £2,000 (2016: £2,000).

The auditors' remuneration for audit services includes £9,375 (2016: £9,305) attributable to the audit of Rochdale Development Company Limited and Moore & Buckle (Flexible Packaging) Limited and £22,625 (2016: £22,575) attributable to the audit of PSG Connect Limited, PSG Client Services Limited, PSG Energy Limited and PSG Financial Services Limited, subsidiaries of Security Research Group plc which are not audited by the Group's principal auditors. The auditors' remuneration for non-audit services includes £600 (2016: £520) payable to the auditors of Rochdale Development Company Limited and Moore & Buckle (Flexible Packaging) Limited.

5. staff costs

2017	2016
£	£
1,680,190	1,941,382
¥	91,040
168,758	194,998
40,440	55,971
1,889,388	2,283,391
	1,680,190 - 168,758 40,440

The average number of persons employed by the Group including directors was:

	2017	2017 2016 Number Number
	Number	
Administration	13	15
Production	43	50
Research and development	-	4
Sales and marketing	-	2
	56	71

6. pension costs

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of its directors and employees. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents contributions due from the Group and amounted to £40,440 (2016: £55,971).

7. directors' remuneration

	2017	2016
	£	£
Remuneration (including benefits in kind)	229,094	201,804
Share based payments	-	91,040
Pension contributions	750	32
	229,844	292,844
In respect of highest paid director:	2017	2016
	2017 £	2016 £
Remuneration (including benefits in kind and share based payments)	113,154	117,081

In the year to 31 March 2017 the fair value costs of the share option scheme amounted to £Nil (2016: £91,040) all of which was applicable to the directors.

The number of directors who were receiving benefits were as follows:-

	2017 Number	2016
		Number
Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme	1	-
Accruing benefits under share option scheme		2
8. finance income		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank interest	26,922	27,365
9. income tax expense		
	2017	2016
	£	£
UK corporation tax at 20% (2016: 20%)	137,935	113,062
Over-provision in prior year	-	(4,114)
Current tax expense	137,935	108,948
Deferred tax expense		(10,118)
	137,935	98,830

9. income tax expense (continued)

The tax for the year is higher (2016: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2016: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	574,697	(57,356)
Profit/(loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2016: 20%)	114,940	(11,471)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	11,558	10,793
Depreciation (less)/ more than capital allowances	(2,156)	(2,776)
Research and development relief	(52,579)	(45,606)
Losses of specialist electronic division not relieved	(* 0)	145,698
Over-provision in prior year	-	(4,114)
Goodwill impairment	67,500	-
Other tax adjustments	(1,328)	6,306
	137,935	98,830
The Group has a carried forward loss for capital gains purposes amounting to £2,701,303 (20)16: £2,716,177).	
10. Profit/(loss) of Parent Company		
	2017	2016

Profit /(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation 313,909 (231,580)

11. Discontinued operations and assets held for sale

During the year it was resolved by the board that the Property Information Services division (PSG division) would be sold. The sale was agreed on 2 June 2017 and therefore the PSG division has been classified and accounted for at 31 March 2017 as a disposal group held for sale.

On 7 June 2017 it was announced by the board that they will be instructing liquidators to commence the process to place the Parent Company into a members' voluntary liquidation and therefore the Parent Company has been classified as a discontinued operation and accounted for under the break up basis.

It was also announced that it is the board's intention for the shares held by the Parent Company in Rochdale Development Company Limited will be distributed in specie to the Parent Company's shareholders and therefore has been classified and accounted for at 31 March 2017 as a disposal group held for sale. It is expect that this will take place within the next 12 months.

Prior to the impending liquidation of the Parent Company, the shares that are held in PSG Energy Limited, Chalenor Legal Services Limited and SR (Kensington) Limited, will be transferred to Rochdale Development Company Limited and therefore these companies have also been accounted for as assets held for sale.

Last year on 2 September 2015 the group disposed of Audiotel International Limited and its subsidiaries which carried out its specialist electronics operation.

The combined results of the discontinued operations (Audiotel International Limited and its subsidiaries up to the date of sale, PSG division, Rochdale Development Company Limited and its subsidiaries, PSG Energy Limited and the Parent Company) included in the profit for the year are set out within the consolidated income statement. The comparative profit and cash flows from discontinued operations have been re-presented to include those operations classified as discontinued in the current year.

11. Discontinued operations and assets held for sale (continued)

Cash flows from discontinued operations

	2017 £	2017 2016
		£
Net cash Inflows from operating activities	1,646,923	405,137
Net cash (outflows)/inflow from investing activities	(14,990)	303,397
Net cash inflows from financing activities	74 57 556 724	149,039
Net cash inflow	1,631,933	857,573

12. Assets classified as held for sale

	2017
	£
Assets related to the Property Information Services division	5,416,747
Assets related to the Packaging Solutions division	2,203,631
Assets related to PSG Energy Limited	10,527
	7,630,905
Liabilities associated with the Property Information Services division	(1,428,923)
Liabilities associated with the Packaging Solutions division	(214,675)
Liabilities associated with PSG Energy Limited	(4,402)
	1,648,000

As described in note 11 the group sold the Property Information Services division on 2 June 2017. The fair value less costs to sell the business was higher than the aggregate carrying amount of the related assets and liabilities therefore, no impairment loss was recognised on reclassification of the assets and liabilities as held for sale as at 31 March 2017. The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Property Information Services division at the end of the reporting period are as follows;

Net assets classified as held for sale	3,987,824
Liabilities of the Property Information Services division associated with assets classified as held for sale	(1,428,923
Current tax liabilities	(42,164
Trade and other payables	(1,386,759
Assets of the Property Information Services division classified as held for sale	5,416,747
Cash and cash equivalents	1,729,054
Trade and other receivables	1,528,515
Property, plant and equipment	159,178
Goodwill	2,000,000
	2017

12. Assets classified as held for sale (continued)

As described in note 11 it was announced that it is the board's intention for the shares held by the Parent Company in Rochdale Development Company Limited will be distributed in specie to the Parent Company's shareholders and therefore has been classified and accounted for at 31 March 2017 as a disposal group held for sale. The board has considered the carrying value of the goodwill held by the group and has impaired it as considered necessary (see note 13). The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Packaging Solutions division at the end of the reporting period are as follows;

2017
£
862,500
22,630
449,022
350,361
519,118
2,203,631
(185,627)
(29,048)
(214,675)
1,988,956

As described in note 11 prior to the liquidation of the Parent Company, the shares that are held in PSG Energy Limited, Chalenor Legal Services Limited and SR (Kensington) Limited will be transferred to Rochdale Development Company Limited and therefore these companies have also been accounted for as assets held for sale. Both Chalenor Legal Services Limited and SR (Kensington) Limited have been dormant throughout this year. PSG Energy Limited ceased trading on 31 August 2016.

The major classes of assets and liabilities of PSG Energy Limited at the end of the reporting period are as follows;

2017
£
420
10,107
10,527
(4,402)
(4,402)
6,125

13. goodwill

Group	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2015	14,627,755
Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary	(77,990)
At 31 March 2016	14,549,765
Classified as held for sale	(14,549,765)
At 31 March 2017	•
Impairment	
At 1 April 2015	11,354,613
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	(4,848)
At 31 March 2016	11,349,765
Impairment	337,500
Classified as held for sale	(11,687,265)
At 31 March 2017	
Net book value	
At 31 March 2017	
At 31 March 2016	3,200,000

Goodwill acquired through acquisition has been allocated to individual cash generating units ('CGUs') for impairment testing. These are independent income streams and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the associated goodwill is monitored for management purposes. The carrying value of goodwill is as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Property information services	2,000,000	2,000,000
Packaging solutions	862,500	1,200,000
	2,862,500	3,200,000

Cumulative goodwill written off against reserves is £11,687,265 (2016: £11,349,765).

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Since 31 March 2017 the Property Information Services division has been sold at a price which results in a profit over the book value of the goodwill and therefore no impairment of goodwill is necessary.

Following the decision that the Packaging Solution division will be distributed to the shareholders of Security Research Group Plc as a distribution in specie, the directors have considered the fair value of the goodwill of the Packaging Solution division in comparison to the fair value of the net assets of the division at 31 March 2017 and concluded that there were indications of an impairment and have therefore impaired the goodwill down to £862,500 which they consider to be a reasonable estimate of the fair value of the goodwill.

The directors have valued the goodwill by considering the net realisable value of the Packaging Solutions division based on the estimated fair value less costs of disposal. To do this they have applied a multiplier of 5 against the net profit after tax for the year to 31 March 2017 together with the net assets of the division at that date. The profit multiplier was considered to be a reasonable basis after consideration of the current market conditions and consulting corporate finance agents. This resulted in a net realisable value lower that the carrying value and as such impairment has been recognised. The impairment of £337,500 has been included as an exceptional administrative expense (see note 3).

14. other intangible assets

	Development costs	Web design costs	Total
Group	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2015	1,383,923	364,521	1,748,444
Additions	100,000	77,051	177,051
Disposals	-	(102,931)	(102,931)
Derecognition on disposal of a subsidiary	(1,483,923)	-	(1,483,923)
At 31 March 2016		338,641	338,641
Additions	**	85,897	85,897
Disposals		(110,851)	(110,851)
Classified as held for sale	-	(313,687)	(313,687)
At 31 March 2017	<u> </u>	120	120
Amortisation			
At 1 April 2015	1,043,709	266,764	1,310,473
Charge for year	114,654	78,850	193,504
Disposals	*	(102,931)	(102,931)
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	(1,158,363)	7 . 5	(1,158,363)
At 31 March 2016	9 <u>4</u> 10	242,683	242,683
Charge for year	*	78,656	78,656
Disposals	ল	(110,851)	(110,851)
Classified as held for sale	2	(210,488)	(210,488)
At 31 March 2017		-0	-
Net book value			
At 31 March 2017	-	-	-
At 31 March 2016	3	95,958	95,958

The other intangible assets classified as held for sale of £103,199 are in respect of web design costs for the property information services division. Other intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis at 33.3% per annum. All other intangible assets are internally generated. In the consolidated income statement the amortisation charge is included within administrative expenses.

15. property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold	Fixtures, fittings	Motor	
	property	and equipment	vehicles	Total
Group	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2015	1,103,399	2,250,766	257,729	3,611,894
Additions	-	39,027	21,171	60,198
Disposals	-	(34,166)	(72,291)	(106,457)
Derecognition on disposal of a subsidiary	(1,016,675)	(1,814,211)		(2,830,886)
At 31 March 2016	86,724	441,416	206,609	734,749
Additions	···	11,422		11,422
Disposals	(75,724)	×:	(49,950)	(125,674)
Classified as held for sale	(11,000)	(442,329)	(156,659)	(609,988)
At 31 March 2017	0 <u>2</u> 0	10,509	-	10,509
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2015	1,080,176	2,182,735	89,033	3,351,944
Charge for year	4,039	26,867	61,377	92,283
Disposals	-	(34,166)	(47,996)	(82,162)
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	(1,016,675)	(1,778,611)		(2,795,286)
At 31 March 2016	67,540	396,825	102,414	566,779
Charge for year	1,307	21,694	43,979	66,980
Disposals	(57,848)	180	(37,279)	(95,127)
Classified as held for sale	(10,999)	(411,266)	(109,114)	(531,379)
At 31 March 2017	-	7,253	ner .	7,253
Net book value				
At 31 March 2017	(C.	3,256	A.	3,256
At 31 March 2016	19,184	44,591	104,195	167,970

15. property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Leasehold	Fixtures, fittings	Motor	
	property	and equipment	vehicles	Tota
Company	£	£	£	f
Cost				
At 1 April 2015	59,052	39,541	-	98,593
Additions	2#6	3,427	15,000	18,427
Disposals		(34,166)	(15,000)	(49,166)
At 31 March 2016	59,052	8,802	-	67,854
Additions	-	1,707	-	1,707
Disposals	(59,052)	17.0	950	(59,052)
At 31 March 2017	-	10,509	-	10,509
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2015	35,830	38,792	-	74,622
Charge for year	4,039	1,066	-	5,105
Disposals	(<u>*</u>	(34,166)	_	(34,166
At 31 March 2016	39,869	5,692	-	45,561
Charge for year	1,307	1,561		2,868
Disposals	(41,176)	**	_	(41,176
At 31 March 2017		7,253	-	7,253
Net book value				
At 31 March 2017	-	3,256	15.1	3,256
At 31 March 2016	19,183	3,110	(170)	22,293
16. investments in subsidiaries Company				£
Cost				
At 1 April 2015				16,499,087
				10,433,007
Disposals				
Disposals At 31 March 2016				(1,569,952
				(1,569,952 14,929,135
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale				(1,569,952 14,929,135
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017				(1,569,952 14,929,135
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value At 1 April 2015				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765
At 31 March 2016				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765 (137,540)
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value At 1 April 2015 Disposals				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765 (137,540 9,712,225
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value At 1 April 2015 Disposals At 31 March 2016				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765 (137,540 9,712,225
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value At 1 April 2015 Disposals At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765 (137,540 9,712,225
At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale At 31 March 2017 Provision for impairment in value At 1 April 2015 Disposals At 31 March 2016 Classified as held for sale				(1,569,952 14,929,135 (14,929,135 9,849,765

16. investments in subsidiaries (continued)

subsidiaries

	Cla	ssified as held for	
	Number	sale 2017	2016
	of shares	£	£
Rochdale Development Company Limited	357,500	1,442,816	1,442,816
PSG Connect Limited	180	3,774,094	3,774,094
		5,216,910	5,216,910

17. subsidiary undertakings

The Company holds 100% of the share capital and voting rights of the following companies:

Nomina	va	lue	of
issued	orc	lina	iry

	share capital			Country of
Name of subsidiary held directly	£	Date acquired	Principal activity	incorporation
Rochdale Development Company Limited	357,500	15 April 2004	Holding company	England
PSG Connect Limited	180	25 June 2004	Property information services	England
SR (Kensington) Limited	2	31 January 2003	Non-trading	England
PSG Energy Limited	1	6 September 2007	Energy surveys	England
Chalenor Legal Services Limited	100	19 October 2009	Non-trading	England

The registered offices of the above companies are as follows;

Rochdale Development Company Limited	9 Sutton Fold, Sutton Fold Industrial Park, St Helens, Merseyside, WA9 3GL
PSG Connect Limited	6 Great Cliffe Court Great Cliffe Road, Dodworth, Barnsley, S75 3SP
SR (Kensington) Limited	Vicarage House, 58-60 Kensington Church Street, London, W8 4DB
PSG Energy Limited	6 Great Cliffe Court Great Cliffe Road, Dodworth, Barnsley, S75 3SP
Chalenor Legal Services Limited	6 Great Cliffe Court Great Cliffe Road, Dodworth, Barnsley, S75 3SP

Held indirectly

Moore & Buckle (Flexible Packaging) Limited	15 April 2004	Flexible packaging	England
PSG Client Services Limited	1 February 2006	Property information services	England
PSG Financial Services Limited	23 August 2005	Insurance services	England

Moore & Buckle (Flexible Packaging) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Rochdale Development Company Limited. PSG Client Services Limited and PSG Financial Services Limited are wholly owned subsidiaries of PSG Connect Limited.

During the year PSG Solutions Ltd was dissolved in the year as it had ceased to trade.

18. inventories

2017	2016
£	£
-	423,549
2	57,208
	96,689
	577,446
_	-

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was £507,245 (2016: £555,553).

The amount of inventories written down to fair value, less costs to sell, recognised as an expense during the year was £Nil (2016: £Nil).

19. trade and other receivables

	2017	2016
Group	£	£
Trade receivables:		
Current unimpaired	@ ** @	1,458,083
Overdue unimpaired	1.5	245,650
Less: allowance for doubtful debts		(35,550)
	2.	210,100
Net trade receivables	**	1,668,183
Prepayments and accrued income	11,963	664,264
Other receivables	<u> </u>	1,528
	11,963	2,333,975

The above debtors fall due within one year.

Current unimpaired trade receivables represent amounts due from customers that are not overdue in accordance with specific credit terms agreed with those customers.

The age profile of trade receivables that are past due is as follows:

	2017	2016 £
	£	
Up to 60 days	2	129,560
Between 60 and 90 days	-	59,550
Between 90 and 120 days		14,230
Over 120 days	2	6,760
	-	210,100

The allowance for doubtful debts is based upon past default experience. Debts with customers in liquidation or receivership are fully provided against. The movement in the provision during the year was as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Balance at 1 April	35,550	53,965
Net amounts written off in year	(1,454)	(435)
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	-	(23,637)
Income statement charged in year	(8,358)	5,657
Classified as held for sale	(25,738)	
Balance at 31 March	-	35,550

	2017	2016
Company	£	£
Prepayments and accrued income	11,963	514,523
	11,963	514,523

The above debtors fall due within one year.

20. deferred tax asset

	2017	2016
Group	£	£
Movement		
At 1 April	1×	172,162
Credit/(expense) in year		10,118
Written off re disposal of specialist electronics division	¥	(182,280)
At 31 March	·	
Credit/(expense) in year		
Capital allowances	7 <u>=</u> 1	10,118
Other timing differences		
	(-	10,118

The Group holds losses for capital gains purposes amounting at 31 March 2017 to £2,701,303 (2016: £2,716,177). No deferred tax asset is recognised in respect of these capital losses.

21. trade and other payables

	2017	2016
Group	£	£
Current		
Trade payables	1,015	689,444
Other payables	(=	41,658
Other taxes and social security	22,506	213,375
Accruals and deferred income	40,401	568,980
	63,922	1,513,457

	2017	2016
Company	£	£
Current		
Trade payables	1,015	515
Amounts owed to group undertakings	385,500	345,500
Other taxes and social security	22,506	26,684
Accruals and deferred income	40,401	39,884
	449,422	412,583

22. share capital and reserves

	2017		2016	
	Number	£	Number	£
Authorised				
Ordinary shares of 20p each	35,000,000	7,000,000	35,000,000	7,000,000
Allotted and called up				
Fully paid ordinary shares of 20p each	19,809,060	3,961,812	19,809,060	3,961,812

The company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no rights to fixed income.

A description of the nature and purpose of each reserve is set out below:

share premium account

The share premium account amounts to £604,765. This has arisen in previous years due to the issue of 350,000 shares at a premium of 1.5p per share, 1,580,952 shares at a premium of 30p per share, 138,888 shares at a premium of 52p per share, 319,048 shares at a premium of 5p per share and 161,112 shares at a premium of 23p per share.

capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve of £1,984,836 has arisen due to 9,826,756 shares of 20p each having been bought back and cancelled and 97,424 shares of 20p each having been cancelled under section 662 of the Companies Act 2006. The creation of the capital redemption reserve preserves the capital of the Group and Company.

23. share options

A reconciliation of share option movements over the year to 31 March 2017 is shown below.

	2017	2016
	Number of	Number of
	shares	shares
Outstanding at 1 April		460,160
Lapsed	S = 0	(139,524)
	0.4)	320,636
Modification increase	•	159,524
Exercised	-	(480,160)
Outstanding at 31 March		
Exercisable at 31 March		-

The weighted average price of the options lapsed during the year to 31 March 2016 was 54.7p.

24. financial instruments (continued)

financial risk management

The principal financial risks to which the Group is exposed relate to liquidity and credit. The policies and strategies for managing these risks are summarised as follows:

(a) liquidity risk

The Group actively maintains sufficient funds for operations.

(b) credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating financial risk from defaults.

The Group's principal financial assets are bank balances, cash and trade receivables. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a large number of customers. Credit risk is managed by monitoring the aggregate amount and duration of exposure to any one customer depending upon their credit rating. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful debts, estimated by the Group's management, based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The directors consider that the maximum exposure of the Group to credit risk to be the current assets of the Group excluding inventories.

At 31 March 2017 the Group had financial assets as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	5,072,306	5,698,652
Cash and cash equivalents included in a disposal group held for sale	2,258,279	20
	7,330,585	5,698,652

The rate of interest receivable on financial assets is variable.

fair values of financial assets

The fair value is an amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in an arms length transaction between informed and willing parties, other than a forced or liquidation sale and excludes accrued interest.

The fair value of cash deposits approximates to the carrying amount because of the short maturity of these instruments.

25. financial commitments

operating lease commitments

The Group leases various properties and other items under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2017		2016			
	Land and buildings £		Land and			
		buildings	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
		£	£	£		
Within one year	160,450	1,741	161,582	7,309		
In the second to fifth year	259,521	•	409,771	8,356		
After five years	-		92	-		
	419,971	1,741	571,353	15,665		

The main leases are in respect of the leasing of land and buildings from which the Group's operations are carried out. One lease has a rent review every 5 years and the next review is due on 1 June 2019. Otherwise there are no renewal or purchase options and no escalation clauses or restrictions apply.

capital commitments

Commitments contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounted to £Nil (2016: £3,480).

26. related party transactions

The remuneration of the directors and other key management personnel during the year was as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Remuneration (including benefits in kind)	462,204	367,896
Share based payments		91,040
Pension contributions	5,750	5,517
Re-location expenses		12,000
	467,954	476,453

Directors of the Parent Company and certain subsidiary companies within the Group are considered to be key management personnel.